

Monte-Carlo Methods for Globular Clusters

John M. Fregeau

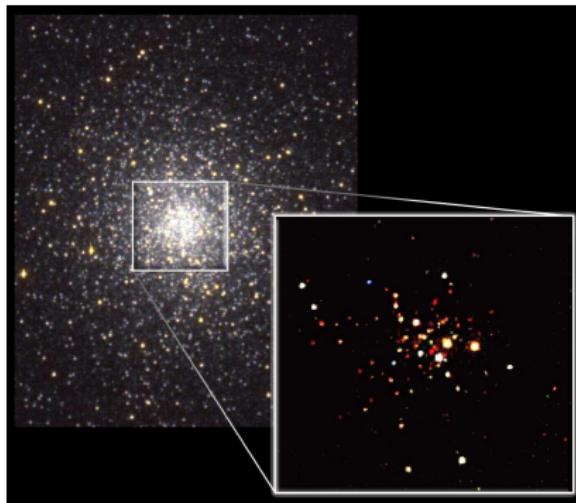
Northwestern University

Aug 12, 2004



NORTHWESTERN
UNIVERSITY

Physics of Globular Clusters



47 Tuc in optical and X-ray

- ▶ two-body relaxation
- ▶ stellar evolution
- ▶ stellar collisions
- ▶ binary interactions
- ▶ three-body binary formation
- ▶ violent relaxation
- ▶ rotation
- ▶ central BH
- ▶ external effects
- ▶ large-angle scattering



NORTHWESTERN
UNIVERSITY

Solution Methods

- ▶ N-Body: direct integration of the equations of motion
- ▶ Fokker-Planck: direct integration of the Fokker-Planck equation
- ▶ Monte-Carlo: particle-based method which uses Monte-Carlo to apply relaxation in the Fokker-Planck approximation



NORTHWESTERN
UNIVERSITY

Assumptions Underlying Monte-Carlo Method

Assumptions Underlying Monte-Carlo Method

- ▶ diffusive relaxation
- ▶ spherical symmetry
- ▶ dynamical equilibrium
- ▶ Fokker-Planck approximation

NORTHWESTERN
UNIVERSITY

Hénon Method

- ▶ cannot realistically sum two-body scatterings over all stars
- ▶ instead, perform representative encounter with nearby star
- ▶ choose impact parameter so deflection angle is consistent with the effects of relaxation due to whole cluster

NORTHWESTERN
UNIVERSITY

Anatomy of a Timestep

Anatomy of a Timestep

- ▶ start with particle positions and velocities
- ▶ calculate potential under assumption of spherical symmetry
- ▶ choose timestep to be a fraction of relaxation time
- ▶ [include additional physics]
- ▶ perform representative encounters (relaxation)
- ▶ new E , J for each star
- ▶ choose r for each new orbit by time-weighted average

NORTHWESTERN
UNIVERSITY

Summaries

- ▶ Giersz & Spurzem: hybrid approach (anisotropic gas model for single stars, MC for binaries)
- ▶ Giersz: Hénon method with zones (based on Stodolkiewicz's code)
- ▶ MIT/NU: Hénon method with common timestep
- ▶ Freitag: Hénon method with individual timesteps

NORTHWESTERN
UNIVERSITY

Comparison Chart

Comparison Chart

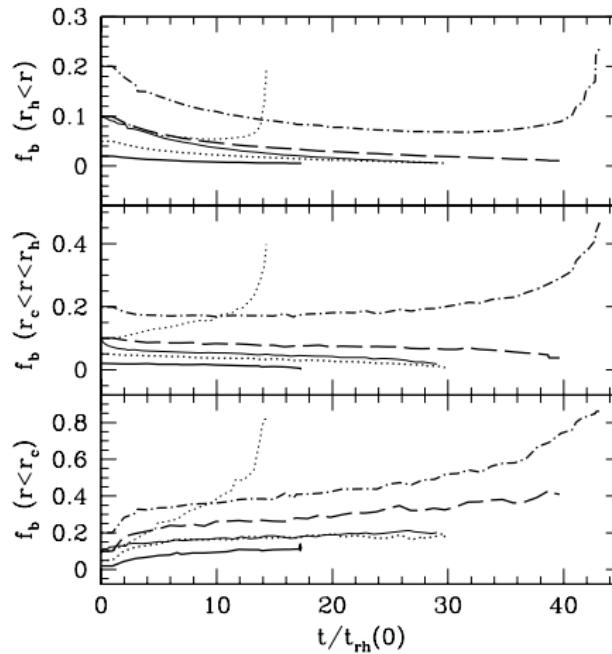
Physics	NB	MC	MN	F	G	GS
two-body relaxation	x	x	x	x	x	x
stellar evolution	x	x	x	x	x	
stellar collisions	x	x		x		
binary interactions	x	x	x		x	x
three-body binaries	x	x			x	x
violent relaxation	x					
rotation	x					
central BH	x	x		x		
external effects	x	x	x	x	x	x
large-angle scattering	x	x		x		
realistic N_{star} , N_{bin}		x	x	x	x	x

NB=N-body, MC=Monte-Carlo, MN=MIT/Northwestern, F=Freitag, G=Giersz, GS=Giersz & Spurzem



Comparison with Observations

Comparison with Observations

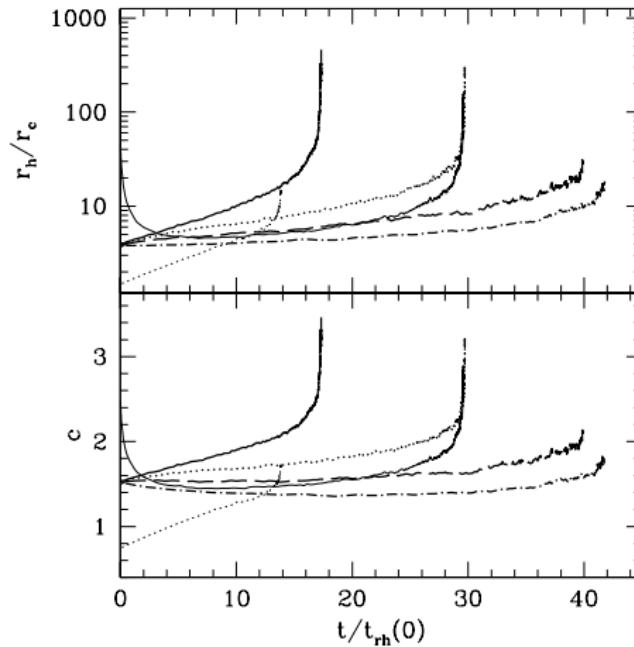


Fregeau, Gürkan, Joshi, & Rasio (2003)

NORTHWESTERN
UNIVERSITY

Comparison with Observations

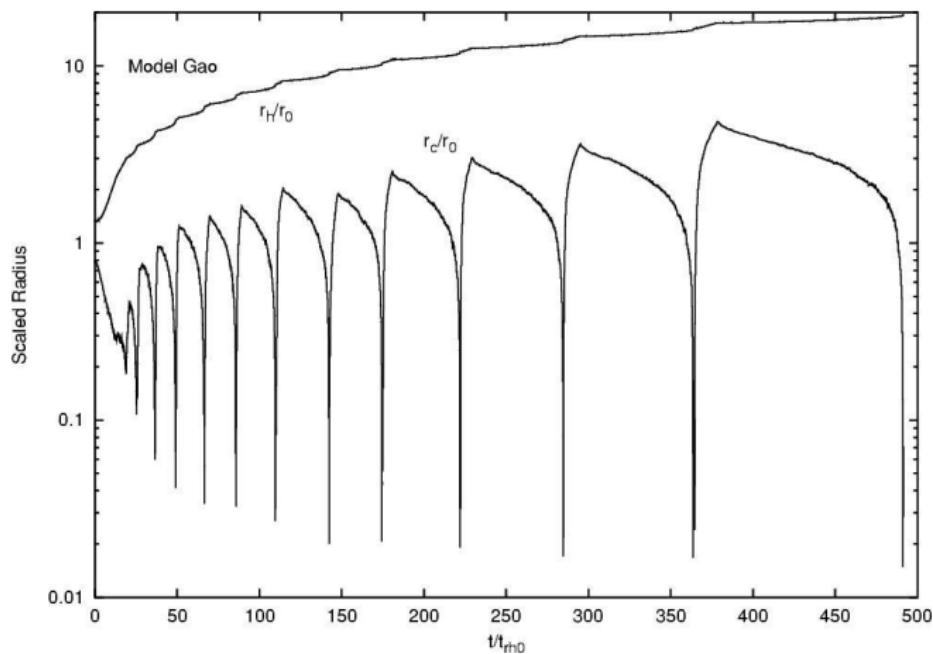
Comparison with Observations



Fregeau, Gürkan, Joshi, & Rasio (2003)



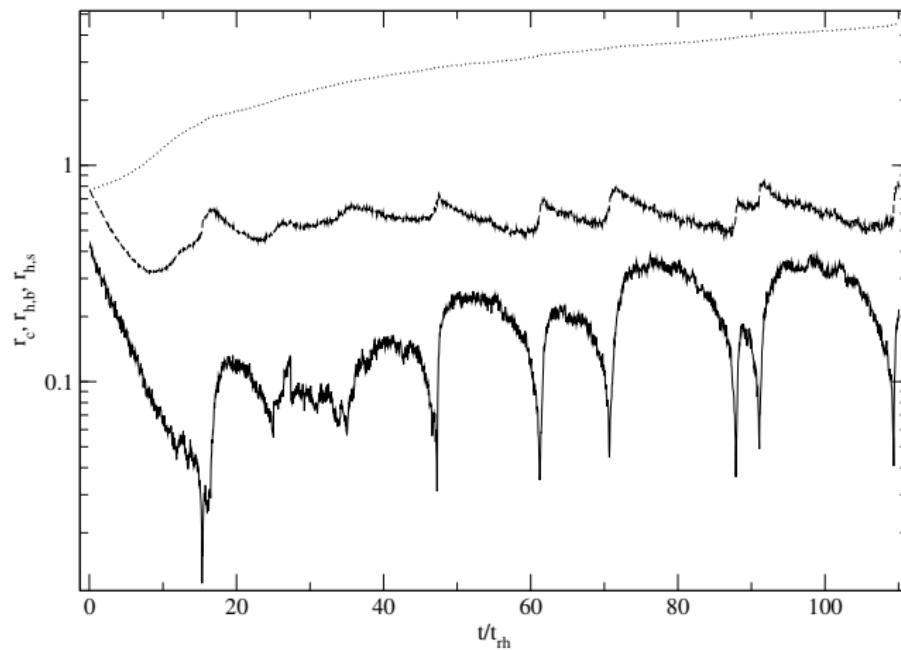
Binary Interactions



Giersz & Spurzem (2003)



Binary Interactions

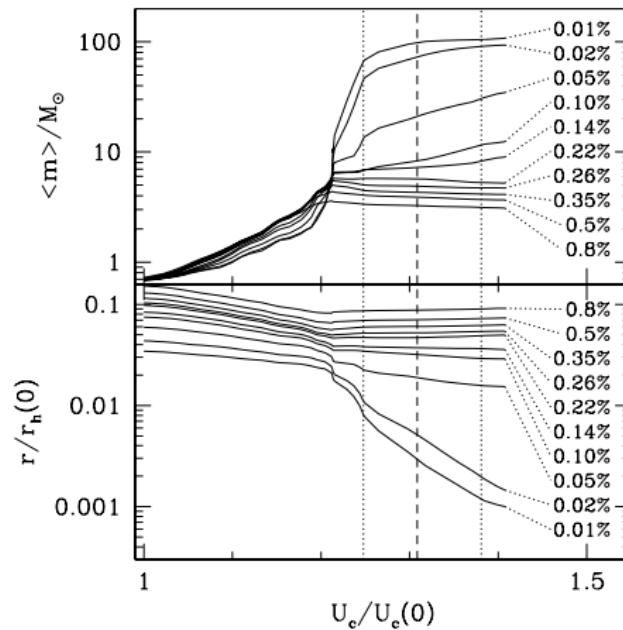


Fregeau (Ph.D. Thesis)



BH Formation

BH Formation

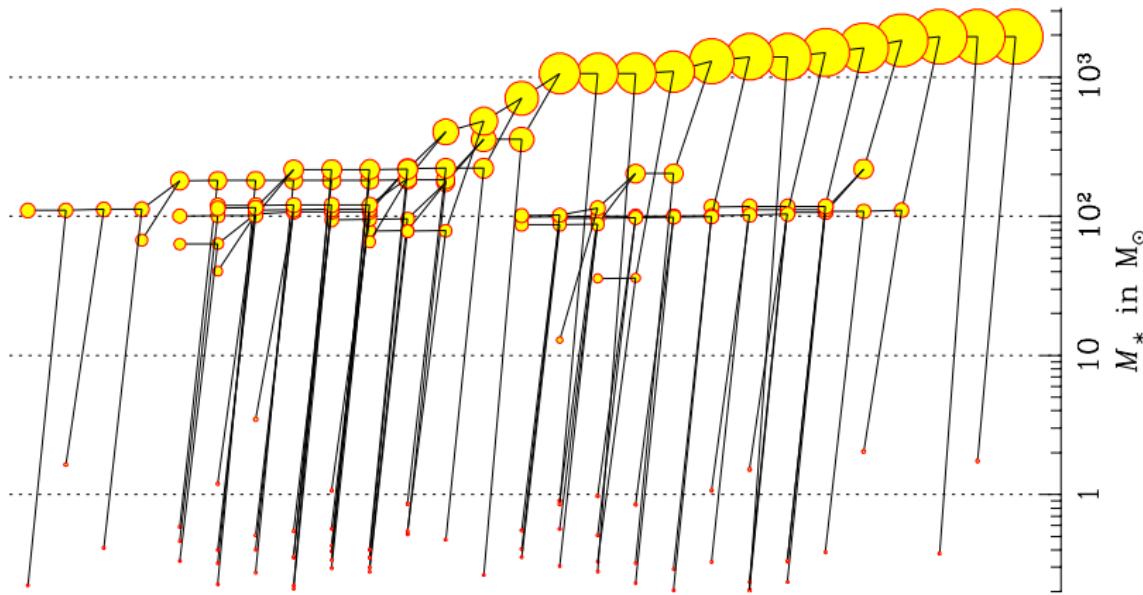


Gürkan, Freitag, & Rasio (2004)



BH Formation

BH Formation



Freitag, Gürkan, & Rasio (in preparation)



NORTHWESTERN
UNIVERSITY

Future Directions

Future Directions

- ▶ binary interactions + stellar collisions
- ▶ binary stellar evolution
- ▶ 3-D

NORTHWESTERN
UNIVERSITY